SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR (AUTONOMOUS)

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OUESTION BANK (DESCRIPTIVE)

UNIT –I

Subject with Code: Principles of Operating Systems (20CI0601)

Year & Sem: II- B.Tech & I-Sem

Course & Branch: B.Tech – CSIT

Analyze the important services of an operating system? [L4][CO1] 1 [**8M**] a) b) Write a short note on system boot? [L1][CO1] [**4M**] 2 What is operating system? Explain different types of operating system in detail? [L2][CO1] [8M] a) List and discuss the different functions of an operating system? b) [L4][CO1] [4M] 3 a) What is System Call? Explain different types of system calls? [L2][CO1] [8M] Discuss about the functionality of system boot with respect to operating b) [L2][CO1] [**4M**] system? 4 Difference between Kernel and Operating System. [L4][CO1] [6M] a) Describe briefly the layers of operating system structures? b) [L1][CO1] [6M] Difference between Monolithic kernel and Micro kernel? 5 a) [L4][CO1] [6M] Explain the operating system structures? b) [L2][CO1] [6M] Discuss about User and Operating System Interface? [L2][CO1] [6M] 6 a) Write a short note on System programs. [L2][CO1] b) [6M] 7 Discuss in briefly about Protection and Security? [L2][CO1] [6M] a) b) Explain operating system operations? [L2][CO1] [6M] 8 Explain in detail about open source operating systems? [6M] a) [L2][CO1] Explain about evaluation of operating system? [L2][CO1] b) [6M] 9 a) Explain: I) Real time system II) Distributed system III) Simple batch system [L2][CO1] [**8M**] Explain how operating system services are provided by system calls? b) [L2][CO1] [**4M**] Distinguish between Multitasking and Multiprogramming? 10 [L4][CO1] [6M] a) b) Describe in detail about computing environments with neat diagram? [L1][CO1] [6M]

UNIT	–II
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1	a)	Discuss the different multithreading models along with their Issues?	[L2][CO2]	[6M]
	b)	Explain the different threading issues?	[L2][CO2]	[6M]
2	a)	Explain different types of CPU Scheduling algorithms with example?	[L4][CO2]	[8M]
	b)	Discuss about scheduling criteria?	[L2][CO2]	[4M]



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;	a)	Discuss about	t process concept	in detail?		[L2][CO2]	[4M
		Consider the below:	following five pro	ocesses, with the length o	of CPU burst time given		
			Process	Burst Time			
	b)		P1	24			ΓΟΝΛ
	D)		P2	3			[9]VI
			P3	3			
		i) Consider aCPU scheduliii) Calculate t	Gantt chart illust ing. he average waitin	rating the execution of the time and average turna	nese job using FCFS, around time.		
Ļ	a)	Describe the 1	Inter Process Con	nmunication in client-ser	ver systems?	[L1][CO2]	[6N
	b)	Explain Proce	ess Control Block	with neat diagram.		[L2][CO2]	[6N
		Consider the below:	following five pr	ocesses, with the length	of CPU burst time given	n	
			Drogoss	Burst Time	Driority		
			D1				
			<u> </u>	6	4		
;	a)		P3	1	2	[L5][CO2]	[6N
			P4	9	2		
			P5	3	3		
		Consider a Ga (quantum=1),	antt chart illustrat non-preemptive	ing the execution of thes priority& SJF CPU schee	se job using FCFS, RI duling.	ξ.	
		Consider a Ga (quantum=1), Consider the below:	antt chart illustrat non-preemptive following five pr	ing the execution of thes priority& SJF CPU schee ocesses, with the length	se job using FCFS, RI duling. of CPU burst time given	1	
		Consider a Ga (quantum=1), Consider the below:	antt chart illustrat non-preemptive following five pr Process	ing the execution of thes priority& SJF CPU schee ocesses, with the length Burst Time	se job using FCFS, RI duling. of CPU burst time given Priority	R n	
		Consider a Ga (quantum=1), Consider the below:	antt chart illustrat non-preemptive following five pr Process P1	ing the execution of thes priority& SJF CPU schee ocesses, with the length Burst Time 8	se job using FCFS, RH duling. of CPU burst time given Priority 4	R n	
	b)	Consider a Ga (quantum=1), Consider the below:	antt chart illustrat non-preemptive following five pr Process P1 P2	ing the execution of thespriority& SJF CPU scheet occesses, with the length Burst Time 8 6	se job using FCFS, RI duling. of CPU burst time gives Priority 4 1		[6]
	b)	Consider a Ga (quantum=1), Consider the below:	antt chart illustrat non-preemptive following five pr Process P1 P2 P3	ing the execution of thes priority& SJF CPU schee ocesses, with the length Burst Time 8 6 1	se job using FCFS, RH duling. of CPU burst time given Priority 4 1 2	R n [L5][CO2]	[6]
	b)	Consider a Ga (quantum=1), Consider the below:	antt chart illustrat non-preemptive following five pr Process P1 P2 P3 P4	ing the execution of thes priority& SJF CPU scheet ocesses, with the length Burst Time 8 6 1 9	se job using FCFS, RH duling. of CPU burst time given Priority 4 1 2 2	R n [L5][CO2]	[6]
	b)	Consider a Ga (quantum=1), Consider the below:	antt chart illustrat non-preemptive following five pr Process P1 P2 P3 P4 P5	ing the execution of thespriority& SJF CPU scheet ocesses, with the length Burst Time 8 6 1 9 3	se job using FCFS, RH duling. of CPU burst time gives Priority 4 1 2 2 3	R n [L5][CO2]	[6]
	b)	Consider a Ga (quantum=1), Consider the below:	antt chart illustrat non-preemptive following five pr Process P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 average waiting t iling algorithm.	ing the execution of thespriority& SJF CPU scheet ocesses, with the length Burst Time 8 6 1 9 3 ime and average turnarou	se job using FCFS, RI duling. of CPU burst time gives	R 1 [L5][CO2]	[6]
	b) a)	Consider a Ga (quantum=1), Consider the below:	antt chart illustrat non-preemptive following five pr Process P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 average waiting t aling algorithm. tail about operatio	ing the execution of thes priority& SJF CPU schee ocesses, with the length Burst Time 8 6 1 9 3 ime and average turnarou ons of process?	se job using FCFS, RH duling. of CPU burst time gives	<pre> [L5][CO2] [L2][CO2] </pre>	[6]
	b) a) b)	Consider a Ga (quantum=1), Consider the below: Calculate the above Schedu Explain in det What is CPU in detail?	antt chart illustrat non-preemptive following five pr Process P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 average waiting t iling algorithm. tail about operatio scheduling? Expl	ing the execution of these priority& SJF CPU sched ocesses, with the length Burst Time 8 6 1 9 3 ime and average turnarou ons of process? ain types of Scheduling and sched	se job using FCFS, RH duling. of CPU burst time gives	<pre> [L5][CO2] [L2][CO2] [L1][CO2] </pre>	[6N [6N
5	b) a) b)	Consider a Ga (quantum=1), Consider the below: Calculate the above Schedu Explain in det What is CPU in detail? Consider the below:	antt chart illustrat non-preemptive following five pro- Process P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 average waiting t aling algorithm. tail about operations scheduling? Explored	ing the execution of thes priority& SJF CPU sched ocesses, with the length Burst Time 8 6 1 9 3 ime and average turnarou ons of process? ain types of Scheduling a sses, with the length of	se job using FCFS, RH duling. of CPU burst time gives	<pre> [L5][CO2] [L2][CO2] [L1][CO2] </pre>	[6N [6N
	b) a) b)	Consider a Ga (quantum=1), Consider the below: Calculate the above Schedu Explain in det What is CPU in detail? Consider the below:	antt chart illustrat non-preemptive following five pro- Process P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 average waiting t iling algorithm. tail about operations scheduling? Expl following proce Process	ing the execution of thes priority& SJF CPU sched ocesses, with the length Burst Time 8 6 1 9 3 ime and average turnarou ons of process? ain types of Scheduling asses, with the length of Burst Time	se job using FCFS, RH duling. of CPU burst time gives Priority 4 1 2 2 3 und time for each of the and Scheduling Criteria f CPU burst time gives Priority	<pre> [L5][CO2] [L1][CO2] [L1][CO2] </pre>	[6N [6N
5	b) a) b)	Consider a Ga (quantum=1), Consider the below: Calculate the above Schedu Explain in der What is CPU in detail? Consider the below:	antt chart illustrat non-preemptive following five pro- Process P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 average waiting t iling algorithm. tail about operation scheduling? Expl following proce P1	ing the execution of thespriority& SJF CPU sched ocesses, with the length Burst Time 8 6 1 9 3 ime and average turnarou ons of process? ain types of Scheduling a sses, with the length of Burst Time 6	se job using FCFS, RH duling. of CPU burst time given Priority 4 1 2 2 3 und time for each of the and Scheduling Criteria f CPU burst time given Priority 3	Image: Color [L5][CO2] [L2][CO2] [L1][CO2]	[6N [6N
	b) a) b)	Consider a Ga (quantum=1), Consider the below: Calculate the above Schedu Explain in der What is CPU in detail? Consider the below:	antt chart illustrat non-preemptive following five pro- Process P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 average waiting t iling algorithm. tail about operations scheduling? Expl following proce P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 average waiting t iling algorithm.	ing the execution of thes priority& SJF CPU sched ocesses, with the length Burst Time 8 6 1 9 3 ime and average turnarou ons of process? ain types of Scheduling a sses, with the length of Burst Time 6 3	se job using FCFS, RH duling. of CPU burst time gives	<pre> [L5][CO2] [L1][CO2] [L5][CO2] </pre>	[6N [6N
	b) a) b)	Consider a Ga (quantum=1), Consider the below: Calculate the above Schedu Explain in det What is CPU in detail? Consider the below:	antt chart illustrat non-preemptive following five pro- Process P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 average waiting t aling algorithm. tail about operation scheduling? Expl following proce P1 P2 P3 P3	ing the execution of thes priority& SJF CPU sched ocesses, with the length Burst Time 8 6 1 9 3 ime and average turnarou ons of process? ain types of Scheduling a sses, with the length of Burst Time 6 3 9	se job using FCFS, RH duling. of CPU burst time given	R	[6N
	b) a) b)	Consider a Ga (quantum=1), Consider the below: Calculate the above Schedu Explain in det What is CPU in detail? Consider the below:	antt chart illustrat non-preemptive following five pro- Process P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 average waiting t iling algorithm. tail about operation scheduling? Expl following proce P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 Average waiting t	ing the execution of thes priority& SJF CPU sched ocesses, with the length Burst Time 8 6 1 9 3 ime and average turnarou ons of process? ain types of Scheduling a sses, with the length of Burst Time 6 3 9 4	se job using FCFS, RH duling. of CPU burst time gives $\frac{Priority}{4}$ $\frac{4}{2}$ $\frac{2}{3}$ und time for each of the and Scheduling Criteria f CPU burst time gives $\frac{Priority}{3}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{4}{1}$	R I [L5][CO2] I [L2][CO2] I [L1][CO2] I [L5][CO2]	[6N [6N

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Cour	se Co	ode: 20CI0601				R2	0
		Consider the below:	following proces	sses, with the length	of CPU burst time given		
			Process	Burst Time	Priority		
	• •		P1	6	3		100
	b)		P2	3	2	[L5][CO2]	[6M]
			P3	9	4		
			P4	4	1		
		Calculate the above Schedu	average waiting ti uling algorithm.	me and average turnar	round time for each of the		
8	a)	What are Thr	eads? Write about	Types of Threads?		[L1][CO2]	[6M]
	b)	Discuss abou example?	t Multilevel Queue	e Scheduling and First	come First Serve with	[L2][CO2]	[6M]
9	a)	Discuss brief	ly about the Proces	ss scheduling?		[L2][CO2]	[6M]
	b)	Explain brief	ly about the thread	ling libraries?		[L2][CO2]	[6M]
10	a)	Consider a G	Process P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 Santt chart illustrat ive priority& Roun	Burst Time 10 4 2 1 5 ting the execution of t nd Robin(quantum=1),	Priority 3 1 5 4 2 these job using FCFS,SJF , CPU scheduling.	[L5][CO2]	[6M]
	b)		Process P1 P2 P3 P4 P5	Burst Time 10 4 2 1 5	Priority 3 1 5 4 2	[L5][CO2]	[6M]

UNIT	–III
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1	a)	Explain in detail Classical problems of synchronization?	[L2][CO3]	[8M]
	b)	What is Dead lock? Explain the advantages of dead lock?	[L1][CO3]	[4M]
2	a)	Explain in detail about Deadlock Avoidance?	[L2][CO3]	[6M]
	b)	What are the Strategies for handling Deadlock?	[L1][CO3]	[6M]
3	a)	Discuss briefly about Deadlock Characterization.	[L2][CO3]	[6M]
	b)	Explain the methods for handling deadlocks.	[L2][CO3]	[6M]

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Cour	rse Co	de: 20CI0601											R2	0
4	a)	Describe the b	anker's al	gorithm	?								[L1][CO3]	[4M]
		Consider the f	following s	napshot	of a	system	•		1					
		Process	Alloca	ation		N	Iax			Avail	lable			
			A B	<u>C 1</u>	$\mathbf{D} \mathbf{A}$	A B	<u>C</u>	D	A	<u> </u>	<u>C</u>	D		
		P0	$\frac{0}{1}$ 0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{2}{2}$ 0	$\frac{0}{7}$	1	2	1	5	2	0		
		PI D2	$\frac{1}{1}$ 0	00	$\frac{1}{4}$. /	<u> </u>	0						
	h)	P2 P3	$\frac{1}{0}$ $\frac{5}{6}$	$\frac{3}{3}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{5}{6}$	<u> </u>	2					[1.5][CO3]	[8M]
	,	P4	$\frac{0}{0}$	<u> </u>	$\frac{2}{4}$ 0) 6	5	6						[OIVI]
		Answer the for 1) What is 2) Is the solution If a request from immediately?	ollowing q is the conte system in a om process	uestions ent of the safe sta s p1 arri	usir e ma ite? ves f	ng banko atrix use For (0, 4	er's alg d? , 2, 0) c	orith an th	m: le rec	quest be	e gran	ted		
5	a)	Explain the so	olution for	Dining-	Philo	osopher	s Proble	em?					[L2][CO3]	[6M]
	b)	What is Sema	phores and	l types o	f ser	naphore	es?						[L1][CO3]	[6M]
6	a)	Explain the D	eadlock D	etection.									[L1][CO3]	[6M]
	b)	Explain about	the Recov	ery from	n dea	adlock.							[L1][CO3]	[6M]
7	a)	What is Proce solution?	ss synchro	nization	? Ex	xplain C	ritical-s	sectio	on pr	oblem	with		[L1][CO3]	[6M]
	b)	Explain about	Synchron	ization H	Hard	ware?							[L2][CO3]	[6M]
8	a)	Explain in det	ail about p	roducer	cons	sumer p	roblem	?					[L2][CO3]	[6M]
	b)	Write the prop	perties and	limitati	ons o	of sema	phores?	2					[L1][CO3]	[6M]
9	a)	Explain Dead	lock detec	tion wit	h Ex	ample?							[L1][CO3]	[6M]
	b)	Explain Peters	son's solut	ion?									[L1][CO3]	[6M]
		Considering a type A, B, C. has 7 instance taken:	Resource es. Suppos	rith five type A e at tim	prochas e t_0	cesses F 10 insta followin	P ₀ throu inces, H ng snap	gh P 3 has oshot	4 and 5 in of th	three stances ne syste	resou s and em ha	rces of type C is been		
		Proces		ocatior	1		Max		+	Avai	lable	_		
			A	B C			AB	С	_	A B	С	_		
10	a)	Po	0	1 0			75	3		33	2			[8M]
10	<i>a)</i>	P1	2	0 0			32	2						
		P ₂	3	0 2			90	2	_					
		P ₃	2	1 1			22	2	_					
		P4	0	0 2			4 3	3						
		1) What w ii) Is the s What will hap A and two ins	ystem in a ppen if proof rances of r	content of safe stat cess P ₁ r <u>esour</u> ce	of the xe? If eque type	e Need 1 f Yes, th ests one e <u>C?</u>	matrix? nen wha additio	at is t nal ir	he sa Istan	ife sequ ce of re	uence esourc	? e type		
	b)	Discuss about	monitors.										[L2][CO3]	[4M]

R20

1	a)	What is Page replacement? Explain page replacement algorithms with example?	[L1][CO4]	[8M]
	b)	Discuss logical versus physical address space.	[L2][CO4]	[4M]
2	a)	Write about Contiguous memory allocation?	[L1][CO4]	[6M]
	b)	Explain about demand paging?	[L2][CO4]	[6M]
3	a)	Difference between paging and segmentation?	[L4][CO4]	[8M]
	b)	Explain briefly about dynamic loading	[L1][CO4]	[4M]
4	a)	Explain any two page replacement algorithms?	[L5][CO4]	[6M]
	b)	Explain the concept of segmentation in detail?	[L2][CO4]	[6M]
5	a)	Consider the following page reference string:1,2,3,4,2,1,5,6,1,2,3,7,6,3,2,1,2,3,6.How many page faults would occur for the LRU,FIFO,LFU and Optimal page replacement algorithms, assuming two and five frames.	[L1][CO4]	[8M]
	b)	Explain briefly about dynamic linking.	[L1][CO4]	[4M]
6	a)	Explain Structure of page table?	[L2][CO4]	[6M]
	b)	Explain the concept of Thrashing?	[L2][CO4]	[6M]
7	a)	What is paging? Explain in detail about paging?	[L2][CO4]	[8M]
	b)	Explain the terms: I) First-fit II) Best-fit III) Worst fit	[L2][CO4]	[6M]
8	a)	What do you mean by paging? Discuss in detail about structure of page tables with appropriate examples.	[L2][CO4]	[8M]
	b)	Write a short note on Virtual Memory.	[L1][CO4]	[4M]
9	a)	What is fragmentation? Explain the types?	[L1][CO4]	[4M]
	b)	Consider the following page reference string:2,1,0,3,4,0,0,0,2,4,2,1,0,3,2.How many page faults would occur if the working set policy were used with a window size of 47.Show when each page fault would occur clearly.	[L5][CO4]	[8M]
10	a)	Discuss swapping memory management?	[L5][CO4]	[4M]
	b)	Difference between External fragmentation and Internal fragmentation? How to solve the fragmentation problem using paging?	[L5][CO4]	[6M]

UNIT –IV

UNIT	$-\mathbf{V}$
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1	a)	What is File? Explain File concept in detail.	[L2][CO5]	[6M]
	b)	Explain free space management?	[L2][CO5]	[6M]
2	a)	Explain stable storage management?		
	b)	Explain about disk structure.	[L1][CO5]	[6M]
3	a)	Suppose that a disk drive has 5000 cylinders, numbered 0 to 4999. The drive is currently serving a request at cylinder 143, and the previous was at cylinder 125. The queue of pending requests, in FIFO order, is: 86, 1470, 913, 1774, 948, 1509, 1022, 1750, 130 Starting from the current head position, what is the total distance (in cylinders) that the disk arm moves to satisfy all the pending requests for each of the following disk-scheduling algorithms? i) FCFS ii) SSTF iii) SCAN	[L5][CO5]	[6M]

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	b)	Suppose that a disk drive has 5000 cylinders, numbered 0 to 4999. The drive is currently serving a request at cylinder 143, and the previous was at cylinder 125. The queue of pending requests, in FIFO order, is: 86, 1470, 913, 1774, 948, 1509, 1022, 1750, 130 Starting from the current head position, what is the total distance (in cylinders) that the disk arm moves to satisfy all the pending requests for each of the following disk-scheduling algorithms? i) LOOK ii) C-SCAN iii) C-LOOK.	[L5][CO5]	[6M]
4	a)	Write short notes on File attributes	[L1][CO5]	[6M]
	b)	Write short notes on File Operations	[L1][CO5]	[6M]
5	a)	Write short note on Disk attachment?	[L1][CO5]	[6M]
	b)	Write short notes on File sharing	[L1][CO5]	[6M]
6	a)	Compare the C-LOOK and C-SCAN disk scheduling algorithms.	[L4][CO5]	[6M]
	b)	Write an elaborate note on RAID.	[L4][CO5]	[6M]
7	a)	Explain File access methods in detail?	[L2][CO5]	[6M]
	b)	What is Directory? Explain Directory implementation?	[L2][CO5]	[6M]
8	a)	Consider a typical situation in a multiprogramming environment, in which the operating system maintains a queue of requests for each I/O device. Assume the disk has 200 tracks and that the disk request queue has random requests in it. The requested tracks are received in the following order: 55,58,39,18,90,160,150,38,184,27,129,110,186,147,41,10,64,120.Assume that the head disk is initially positioned over track 100 and is moving in the direction of decreasing track number. Perform the analysis for FIFO , SSTF and SCAN .	[L5][CO5]	[6M]
	b)	Consider a typical situation in a multiprogramming environment, in which the operating system maintains a queue of requests for each I/O device. Assume the disk has 200 tracks and that the disk request queue has random requests in it. The requested tracks are received in the following order: 55,58,39,18,90,160,150,38,184,27,129,110,186,147,41,10,64,120.Assume that the head disk is initially positioned over track 100 and is moving in the direction of decreasing track number. Perform the analysis for C-SCAN, LOOK and C-LOOK .	[L5][CO5]	[6M]
9	a)	Explain in detail about File system Allocation methods with neat diagram?	[L3][CO5]	[6M]
	b)	Explain the different disk scheduling algorithms with neat diagrams.	[L2][CO5]	[6M]
10	a)	Discuss about directory structures with examples.	[L2][CO5]	[6M]
	b)	Write the operations in a directory.	[L1][CO5]	[6M]

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